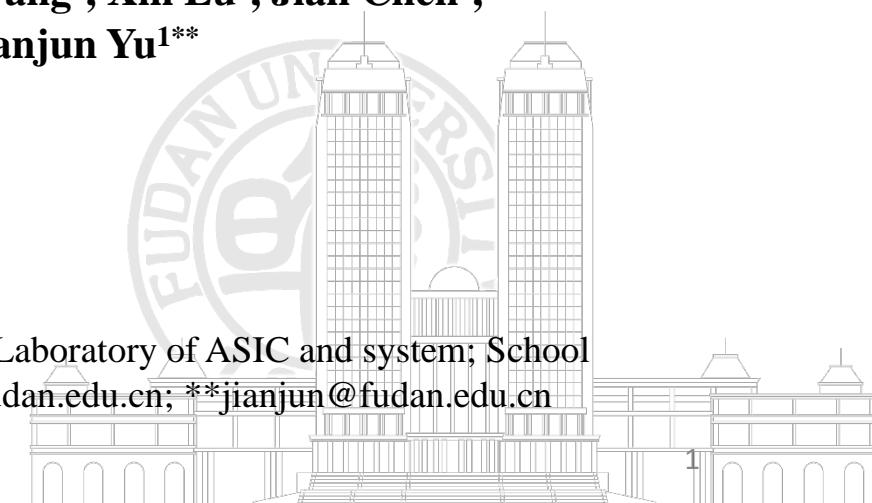




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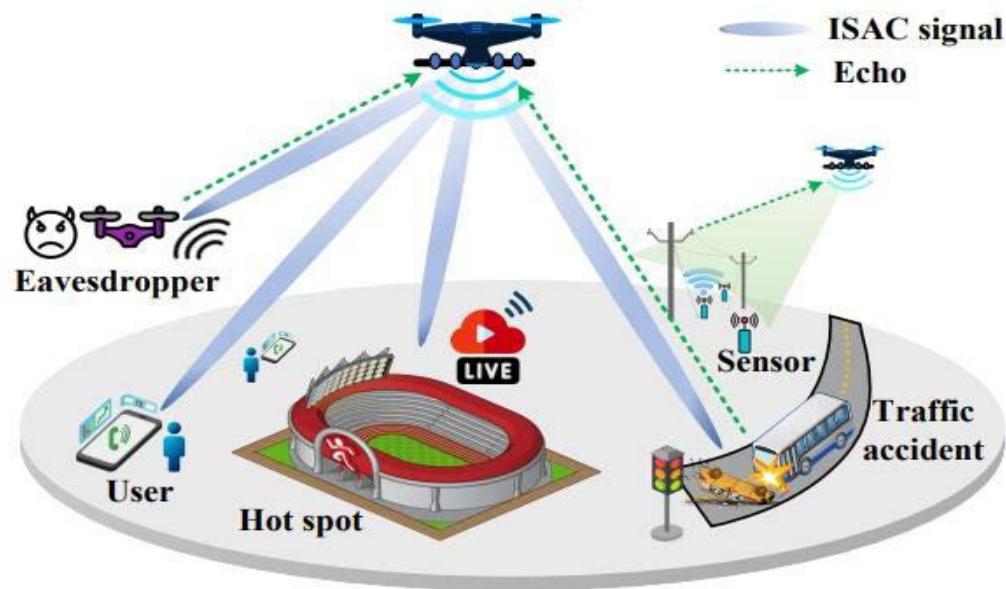
Real-time Integrated 2.04 centimeters Range Resolution and 16.14-Gbps Bidirectional Wireless Communication in Photonic-assisted Millimeter wave Band System over 100 meters

Qihang Wang¹, Wen Zhou^{1*}, Jie Zhang¹, Jingtao Ge¹, Sicong Xu¹, Siqi Wang¹, Xin Lu¹, Jiali Chen¹, Chengzhen Bian¹, Xiongwei Yang¹, Kaihui Wang¹ and Jianjun Yu^{1**}

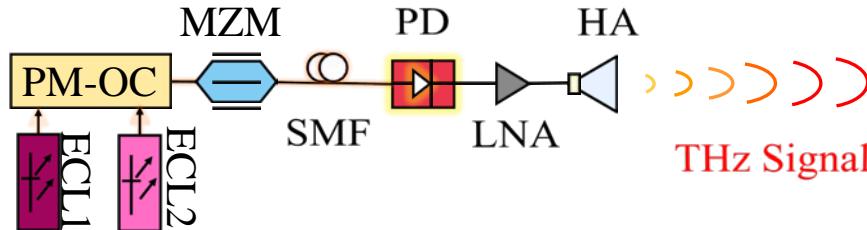


¹The Key Laboratory for Information Science of Electromagnetic Waves (MoE) and the state Key Laboratory of ASIC and system; School of Information Science and Technology, Fudan University, Shanghai, 200433, China. *zwen@fudan.edu.cn; **jianjun@fudan.edu.cn

Background



Millimeter wave Integration of Sensing and Communication



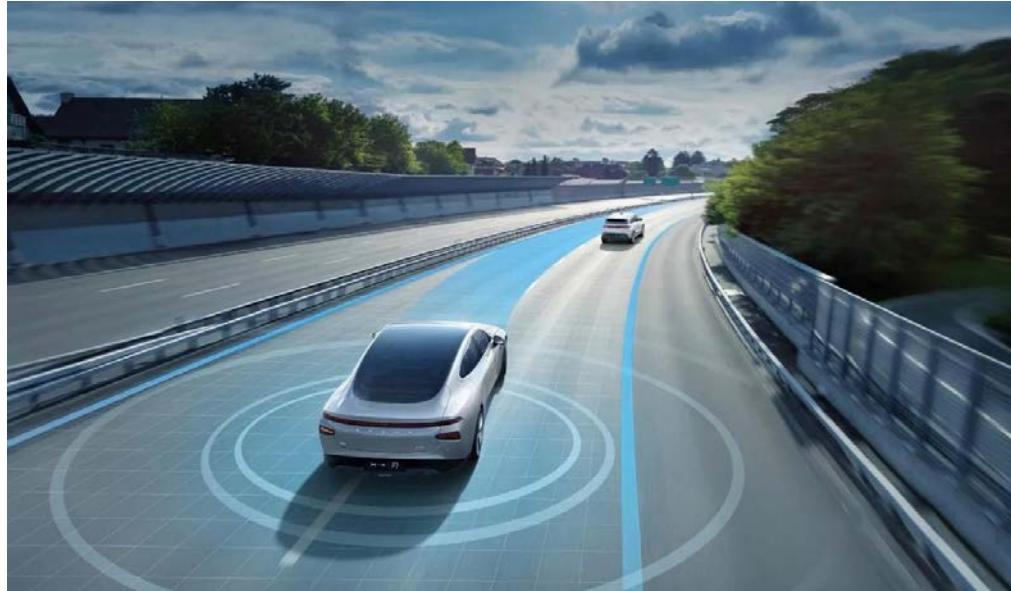
photonic-assisted up-conversion schemes

Ref	Band	Wireless distance (m)	Data Rate (Gbps)	Range Resolution (cm)	OL/RT
[3]	Ka	5	14.5	5	OL
[4]	W	1	78	3	OL
[5]	W	10.8	92	1.5	OL
[6]	W	10	47.06	1.02	OL
[7]	THz	1.57	32	1.875	OL
[8]	THz	0.5	120	0.25	OL

State-of-the-art photonic-assisted ISAC works



Motivation



Autonomous driving

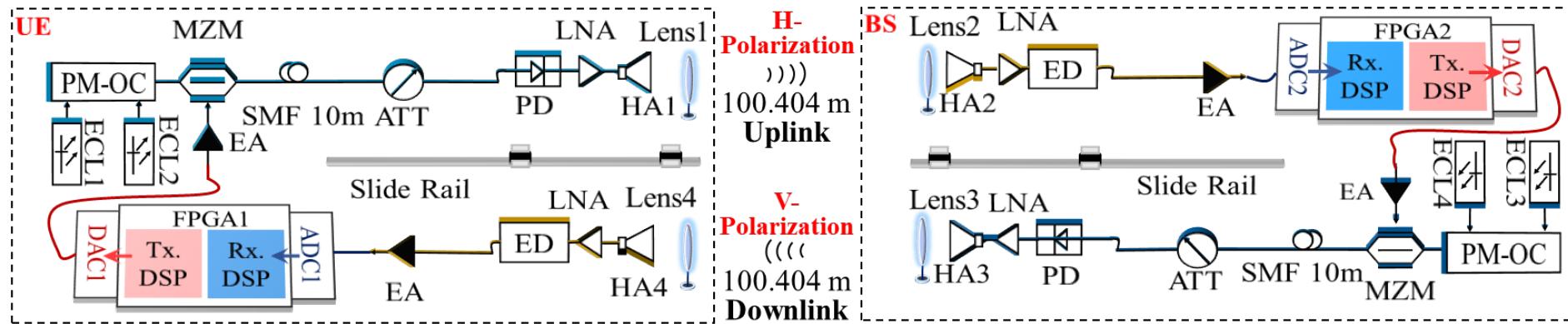


UAV cooperation

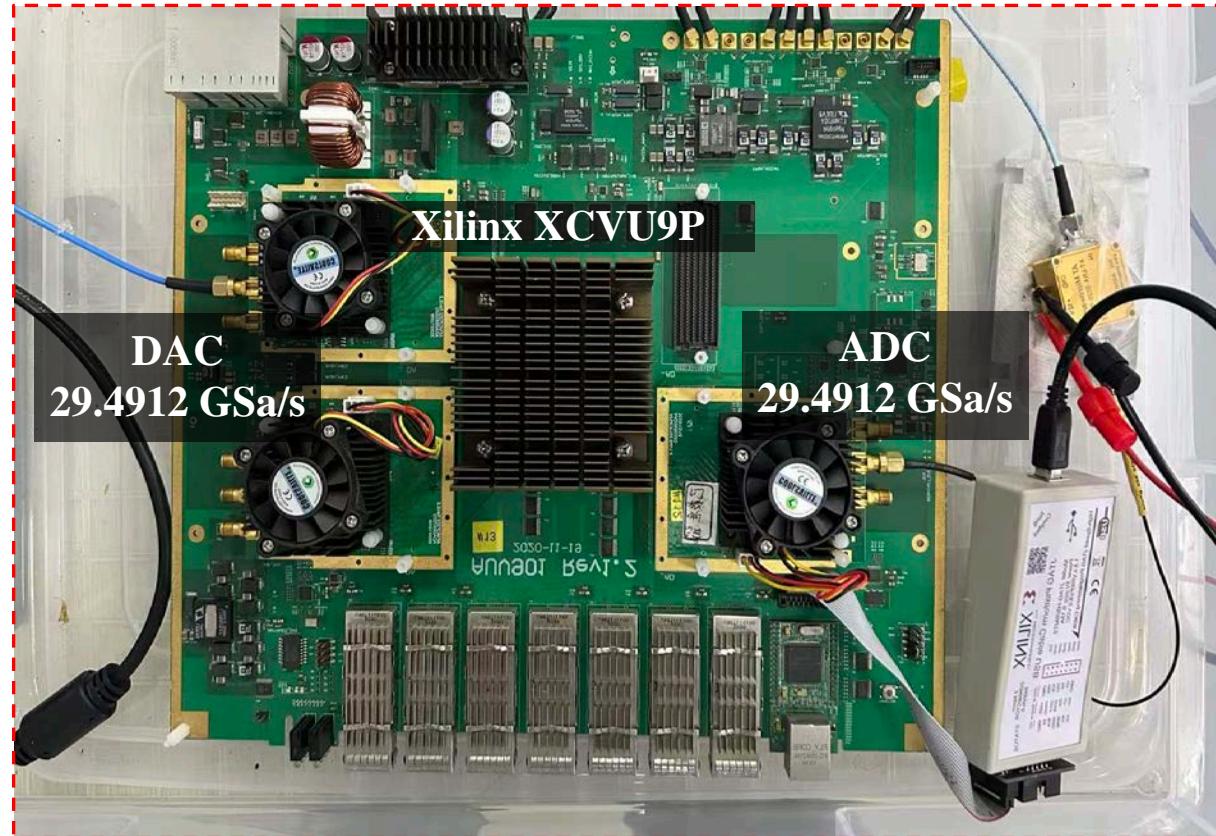
BiDi ISAC over long ranges is a prerequisite for the reliable deployment of 6G ISAC applications !

Our Work

**Real-time Integrated 2.04 centimeters Range Resolution and 16.14 Gbps
Bidirectional Wireless Communication in Photonic-assisted Millimeter wave Band System over 100 meters**

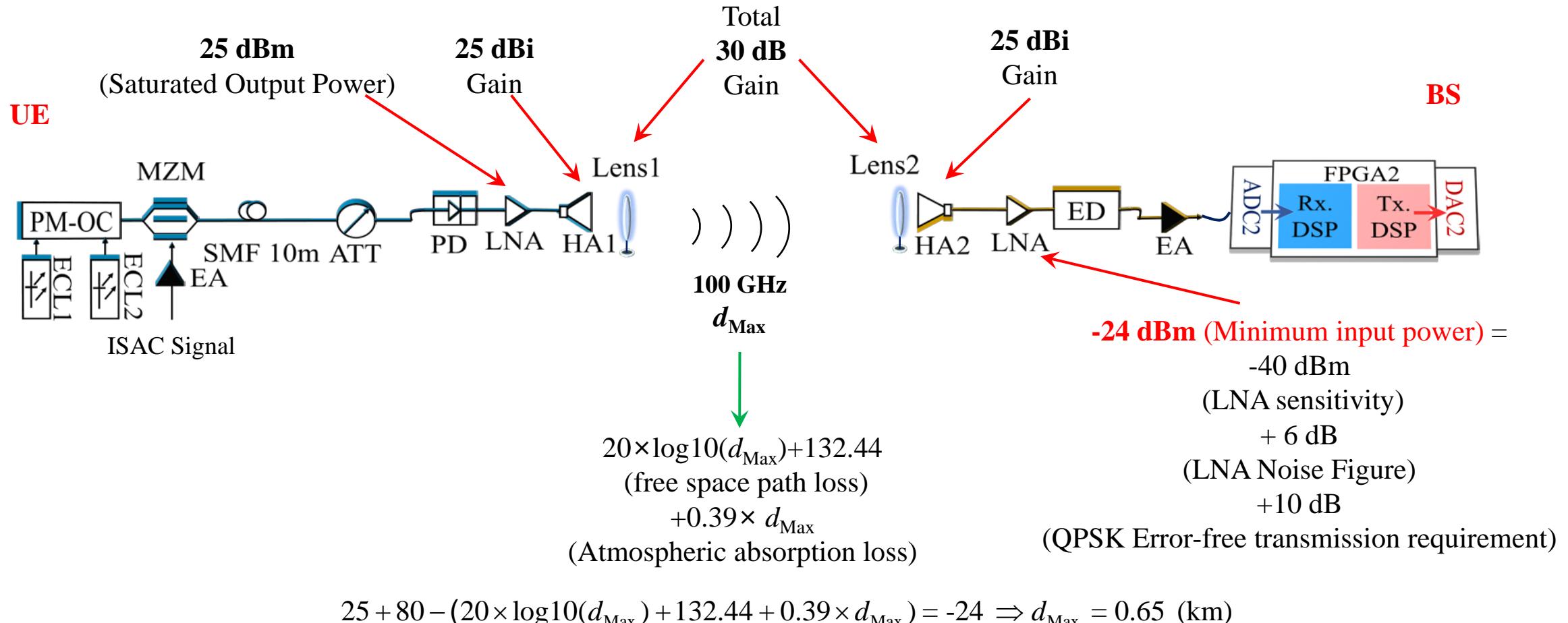


Performance limitation analysis: Theoretical Range Resolution



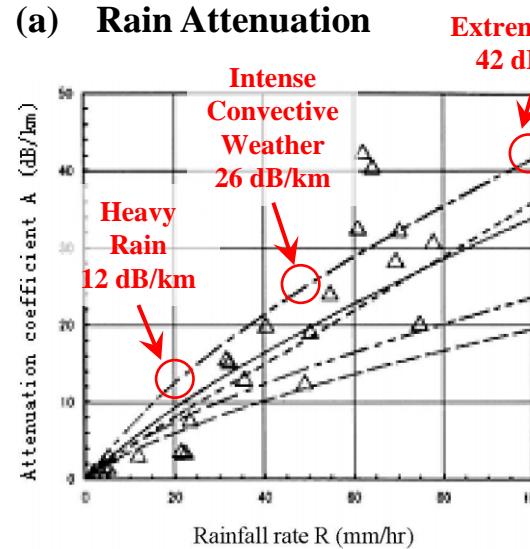
- **Theoretical range resolution:**
- ADC Sampling rate: 29.4912 GHz
- \Rightarrow Timing accuracy: $1/29.4912 \text{ GHz} = 0.0339 \text{ ns}$
- \Rightarrow Theoretical ranging resolution: $\Delta R_{\text{Esti.}} = 0.0339/2 \times c = 0.508 \text{ cm.}$

Performance limitation analysis: Maximum Range



Performance limitation analysis: Influence of weather

(a) Rain Attenuation

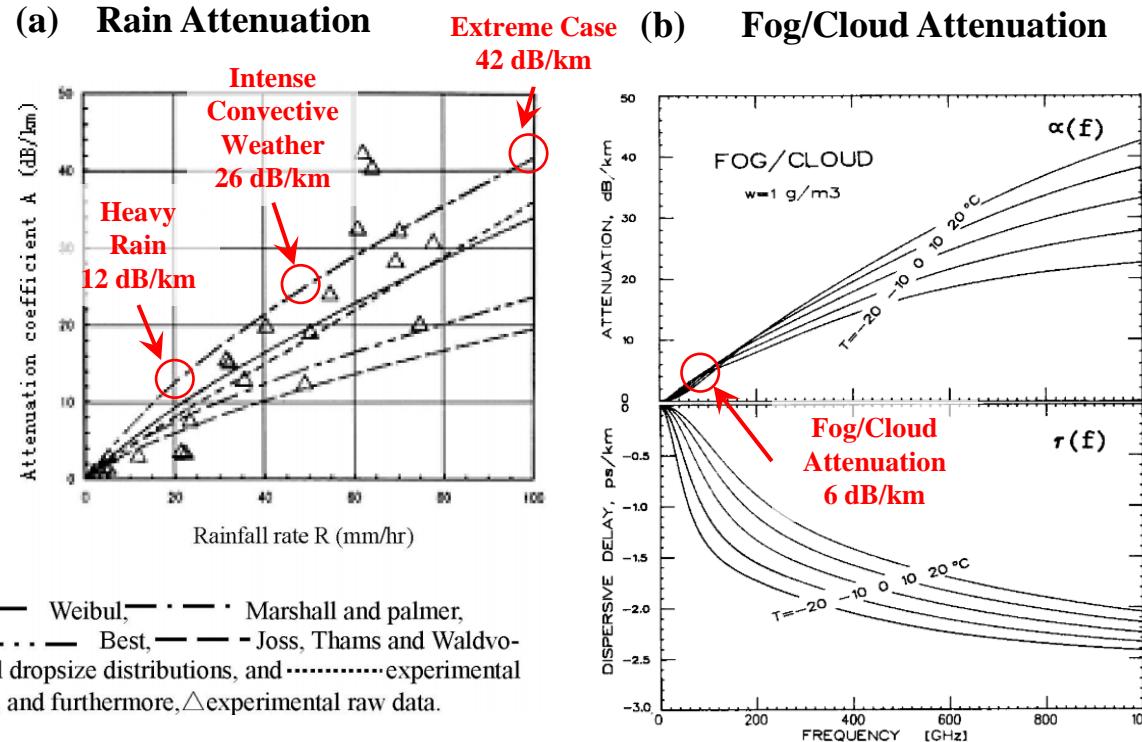


Comparison between calculations and measurements at 103 GHz, for a 1 minute integration time [1]

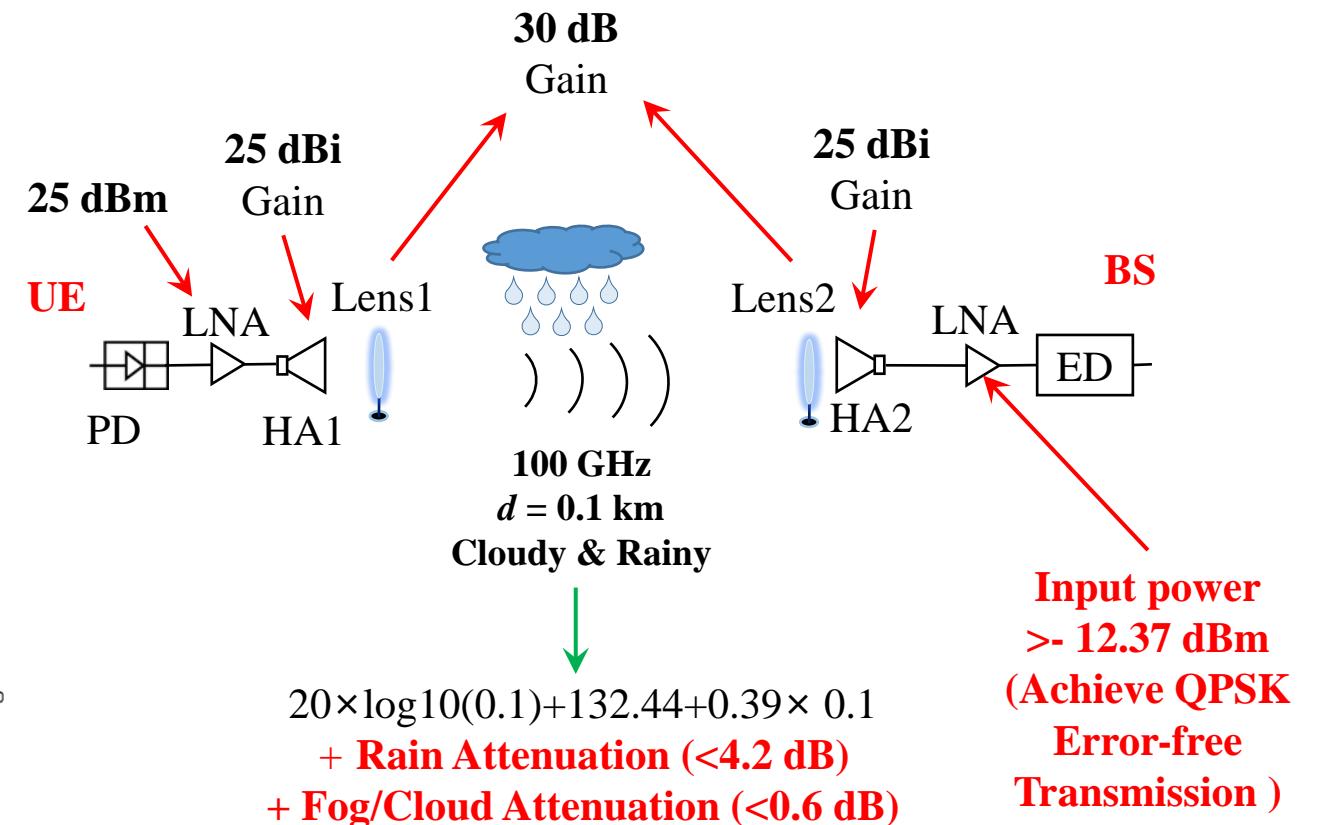
[1] Qingling, Zhao, and Jin Li. "Rain attenuation in millimeter wave ranges." 2006 7th international symposium on antennas, propagation & EM theory. IEEE, 2006.

[2] Liebe, Hans J., Takeshi Manabe, and George A. Hufford. "Millimeter-wave attenuation and delay rates due to fog/cloud conditions." IEEE transactions on antennas and propagation 37.12 (1989): 1617-1612.

(b) Fog/Cloud Attenuation



SWD model predictions of attenuation $\alpha(f)$ and delay $\gamma(f)$ for frequencies up to 1000 GHz assuming a water content, $w=1 \text{ g/m}^3$, and temperatures from -20 to +20° C [2]





Thank you!