

## Efficient and secure outsourcing of bilinear pairings with single server

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### Appendix A Details about $Q_1, Q_2, Q_3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \alpha_{j+1} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_1 \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_1 \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_1} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_2} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_3} = Q_1 \\
 & = \alpha_{j+2} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_2 \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_2 \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_4} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_5} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_6}, \\
 & \theta_1 \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_3 \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_3 \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_7} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_3} \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = +1}} \alpha_m \left( \prod_{\substack{b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = -1}} \alpha_m \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_6} \\
 & = \theta_2 \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_3 \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_3 \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_7} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_3} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_6} = Q_2, \\
 & \beta_{i+1} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_1 \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_1 \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_1} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_2} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_3} = Q_3, \\
 & = \beta_{i+2} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_2 \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_2 \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_4} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_5} \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = +1}} \beta_n \left( \prod_{\substack{a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = -1}} \beta_n \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_6},
 \end{aligned}$$

### Appendix B Performance analysis

We analyze the privacy, efficiency and checkability of the proposed outsourcing algorithm here.

• **Privacy**

If the untrusted server wants to get useful information from inputs and outputs, there are some cases.

1. If the server wants to guess input  $A$ , it must know  $a_1 P$ . From relationships among elements in  $Rand$ , we can know: probability of guessing the real  $\rho$  is  $2^{-(i-1)}$ ; probability of guessing three of seven  $t'_u$  is  $s^{-3}$  where  $u \in \{1, \dots, 7\}$ ; and probability of guessing the distribution of  $\beta_2 \cdots \beta_i$  in six sets is  $6^{-(i-1)}$ . So the total probability of guessing  $A$  is  $\frac{1}{s^3 \cdot 12^{i-1}}$ .

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2. Similarly, the probability of guessing  $B$  is about  $\frac{1}{s^{3 \cdot 12^j - 1}}$ .
3. Briefly, the probability of guessing inputs for untrusted server is  $\frac{1}{s^{6 \cdot 12^i - 1, 12^j - 1}}$ . If we set  $s = 2, i = j = 10$ , the probability is about  $10^{-22}$ , even  $s = 2, i = j = 5$ , the probability is less than  $10^{-10}$ .

• **Efficiency**

In the first proposed algorithm, outsourcer makes 1 call to *Rand* plus 4 point addition and  $2i + 7s + 12$  multiplications to get  $e(A, B)$ . And it takes about  $O(n)$  multiplications to compute single bilinear pairing. Thus, the algorithm  $(T, U)$  is an  $O(\frac{1}{n})$ -efficient implementation.

• **Checkability**

1. From the process of verifying, we can see the easiest way for server to cheat the client is that the server can guess which two are  $\alpha_{j+1}, \alpha_{j+1}(\beta_{i+1}, \beta_{i+1})$  or  $\theta_1, \theta_2$  in all queries correctly. The probability of guessing  $\alpha_{j+1}, \alpha_{j+2}$  or  $\beta_{i+1}, \beta_{i+2}$  are  $\frac{1}{(j+2)(j+1)}$  or  $\frac{1}{(i+2)(i+1)}$ , respectively; and the probability of guessing  $\theta_1, \theta_2$  is  $\frac{1}{(i+2)(j+2)}$ .
2. The second way: server randomly chooses and changes two results to cheat the outsourcer. In order to pass the process of verifying, the server must guess two of  $t_u(t_u)$  or  $\rho(\sigma)$ , the probability is  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2s} \cdot \frac{1}{2s} = 1/(8s^2)$ .
3. Another difficult way is guessing  $\rho(\sigma), t_u(t_u)$  and distribution of the six sets, the probability is close to 0.

So if the server is dishonest, errors will be detected with probability:

$$\min\left\{1 - \frac{1}{(i+2)(i+1)}, 1 - \frac{1}{(8s^2)}\right\}.$$

If we also set  $s = 2, i = j = 10$ , we can get that the checkability is  $\frac{31}{32} (\approx 0.9688)$ .

## Appendix C Details about $Q_4, Q_5, Q_6$

$$\begin{aligned} & \prod_{y=1}^t \alpha_{y(j+1)} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_1 \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_1 \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_1} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_2} \\ & \cdot \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_3} = Q_4 \\ & = \prod_{y=1}^t \alpha_{y(j+2)} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_2 \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_2 \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_4} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{12} \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_5} \\ & \cdot \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_6} \\ & \prod_{y=1}^t \theta_{y1} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_3 \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_3 \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_7} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{13} \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_3} \\ & \cdot \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = +1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ b_m Q \in B_{23} \\ \sigma_m = -1}}^t \alpha_{ym} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t_6} = Q_5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \prod_{y=1}^t \theta_{y2} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_3 \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_3 \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_7} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_3} \\
 &\cdot \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_6} \\
 &\prod_{y=1}^t \beta_{y(i+1)} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_1 \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_1 \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_1} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_2} \\
 &\cdot \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{13} \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_3} = Q_6 \\
 &= \prod_{y=1}^t \beta_{y(i+2)} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_2 \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_2 \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_4} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{12} \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_5} \\
 &\cdot \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = +1}}^t \beta_{yn} \left( \prod_{\substack{y=1 \\ a_n P \in A_{23} \\ \rho_n = -1}}^t \beta_{yn} \right)^{-1} \right)^{t'_6}
 \end{aligned}$$